# **Appropriate Authorities Under PCPNDT Act**

Their roles, duties and functions



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# Who is an Appropriate Authority (AA) under PCPNDT Act

- State Appropriate Authority (AA)- Three member team (Officer of rank of Joint Director or above of Department of Health and Family Welfare, Eminent women from NGO, Officer of Law and Judiciary Department)
- District AA Civil Surgeon
- Corporation AA Medical officer of Health
- Sub District AA- Medical Superintendent of CHC

AAs have to be notified in the official gazette<u>In</u> the High Court of Punjab and Haryana Civil Writ Petiti...

#### **Functions of AA**

- Grant, suspend and cancel registration of clinics
- Seek advise of advisory committee for registration/ renewal of clinics or suspension or cancellation of registration and take action. Registration of centers
- Ensure standards prescribed for clinics are followed <u>Inspection of centers</u>
- Investigate complaints of breach of provision of Act. <u>Qualified Private</u> Medical Practitioners And Hospitals As...
- Take appropriate legal action against use of any sex selection technique by any person. Dr. Sujit Govind Dange v. State of Maharashtra D.B. Bomb...
- Create public awareness on issue.
- To supervise implementation of Act and Rules.
- Recommend to State Supervisory Board modifications required in rules of Act based on technological developments.

### **Duties of AA**

- Search, seize or seal equipment or clinic and seize records at a genetic counselling centre, laboratory and clinic. (Section 30) <u>Dr. Mrs. Suhasini Umesh Karanjakar Vs</u> <u>Kolhapur Municipal...</u>
- Scrutinize records. <a href="Scrutinizing Records">Scrutinizing Records</a>
- Filing a complaint (Section 28a)<u>Dr. Preetinder Kaur Vs</u>
   <u>State of Punjab 2011 CriLJ 876</u>
- Cancellation or suspension of Registration (Section 20).
   M/s Malpani Infertility Clinic Vs Appropriate Authority ...
- Report name of medical practitioner against whom charge has been framed to State Medical Council.-(Section 23 - 2)

#### **Powers of AA**

- Summoning of any person who is in possession of any information relating to violation of the provisions of this Act or the Rules made thereunder;
- Production of any document or material object relating to the earlier power
- Issuing search warrant for any place suspected to be indulging in sex selection techniques or pre-natal sex determination. (AA has right to visit any center suspected to have contravened the Act and search and seal all registers, documents, machine, registration certificate, computer, printer, recording camera, all receipts and documents related to sonography -Section 30(2) and Rule12.

Thank you

### Registration of centers

- Receive Application for registration of Genetic counseling centers, Genetic Clinics and Genetic Laboratories (Section 18-2) in Form A (Rule 4)
- Grant certificate of registration (Section 19-1 and Rule 6-1) having got advise of Advisory committee in Form B(Rule 6-2)
- Reject certificate of registration (Section 19-2 and Rule 6-3) in Form C.
- Receive applications for renewal of certificate; grant or reject renewal <u>Functions of AA</u>

### Inspection of centers

- Has registration certificate been displayed at a prominent place (Section 19-4 and Rule 6-2)
- Has a notice stating that Disclosure of sex of foetus is prohibited under PCPNDT Act been displayed in English and local language. (Rule 17-1)
- Does center have a copy of Act and Rules available-(Rule 17-2)
- Who is conducting sonography- PG Radiology or Gynecology. <u>Functions of AA</u>

#### **Scrutinizing Records**

- Is five column register maintained (As per Rule 9-1)
- Are Forms D, E and F maintained by Genetic Counseling center, Genetic Laboratory and Genetic Clinic respectively (Rule 9-2, 9-3,9-4)
- In case of F Form, Is it filled on line and is a hard copy with consent maintained. (Rule 9-7); Are all columns filled; Has Doctor signed a declaration that sex selection will not be conducted.
- Are all F Forms being submitted to them before 5<sup>th</sup> of next month.(Rule 9-8)
- Are all Records being preserved for a period of two years. (Section 29-1)
- Tally F Form with OPD register.
- If records are not maintained as per Act- write a complaint, complete formalities of search and seizure- seize record and seal machine, Proceed with filing a case. Suo Moto Vs Sate of Gujarat 2009 Cri. L.J. 721 (F.B.)

## In the High Court of Punjab and Haryana Civil Writ Petition No 18365 of 2009

Dr Sudha Samir vs. State of Haryana and others; Dr R.D. Negi vs. State of Haryana and others ; Dr Mahinder Ahuja vs. State of Hayana and others

This batch of writ petitions challenged orders of suspension of registrations with contention that when show cause notices were issued to them and action of suspension taken AAs were not notified in official Gazette. Hence action under section 20 ought to fail.

#### The High Court held that:

Government had issued ordinance to validate certain actions done by AAs prior to issuance of Gazette notification. The said ordinance was subsequently issued as a bill in the State Assembly and brought as an enactment. When subsequent enactment is not challenged validating acts done by AA prior to gazette notification, challenge to suspension orders issued by competent Authority cannot survive for adjudication. Who is an Appropriate Authority (AA) under PCPNDT Act

# Qualified Private Medical Practitioners And Hospitals Association Vs State of Kerala MANU/KE/0330/2006

Case answers the question whether AAs are competent to ensure due compliance of the Act from Clinics which are unregistered under the Act?

Considering the object of the Act and provisions of S. 4(1) and S.22 of the Act, it was held that, "Appropriate Authorities are competent to ensure due compliance of the Act from all persons, at all places and at all institutions, whether registered or un-registered under the Act, where the ultrasound scanning device is installed". <u>Functions of AA</u>

# Dr. Sujit Govind Dange v. State of Maharashtra D.B. Bombay High Court. Dated 16.8.2012

In this case the following issues were raised for consideration:

- whether opportunity to show cause or of being heard was required to be given to the Petitioner before seizure of Sonography Machine?
- Whether approval of Advisory Committee was necessary before seizure of Sonography Machine
- Whether suspension of Licence for indefinite period was in complete violation of Principles of Natural Justice and hence contrary to Sec.20 of the Act.

# Dr. Sujit Govind Dange v. State of Maharashtra D.B. Bombay High Court. Dated 16.8.2012....Contd

#### The High Court held:

- Considering the objectives of the Act to be achieved, in order to protect
  the larger public interest, the Appropriate Authority has been given
  exceptional powers under sub-section 3 of Sec.20 of the Act to suspend
  the registration of the Clinic and seize the Sonography Machine, without
  giving show cause notice or an opportunity of hearing to the accused.
- It was further held that, the words "unless contrary is proved" used in proviso to Sec.4(3) of the Act requires that such presumption laid down in proviso to Sec.4(3) of the Act is to be rebutted at the time of trial and not at the stage when Sonography Machine is seized or registration is suspended. The burden will lie on the accused to prove the contrary at the time of trial before the Criminal Court that there was no deficiency or inaccuracy in maintaining and preserving the complete record of the clinic.
- It also cannot be said that suspension of registration is for indefinite period because it is only upto the conclusion of criminal trial. <u>Functions of AA</u>

### Dr. Mrs. Suhasini Umesh Karanjakar Vs Kolhapur Municipal Corp. 2011(4)AIR BomR 326 (F.B)

In this full bench judgment high court made an attempt to answer whether the power to search, sieze and seal any other material object conferred u/s 30 of the Act includes the USG machine or any other machine or object and is AA empowered to seize and seal sonography machine which is suspected to being used for conducting sex determination. The full bench held that:

- The words "any other material object" used in S. 30 of the Act and Explanation (2) to Rule 12 clearly provide that Appropriate Authority is empowered to seize and seal ultra-sound machines, other machines and equipments capable of aiding or assisting in sex-selection. (Earlier contrary view reversed)
- Considering declining sex-ratio in Maharashtra from 913 in 2001 to 883 in 2011, the directions were given for expeditious disposal of the pending cases under the Act with utmost priority, preferably within one year. <u>Duties</u> of AA

# Dr. Preetinder Kaur Vs State of Punjab 2011 CriLJ 876

In this civil writ petition competency of the Authority who initiated criminal prosecution against petitioner for violation of section 3(a) punishable u/s 23 of the Act was challenged.

In the judgment High Court discussed scope of section 28 of the Act and held that the Act does not narrow down the class of persons who can initiate action:

- Apart from Appropriate Authority, an officer authorized by Central or State Govt. can also file a complaint.
- Complainant can also be a person authorized by Appropriate Authority or a social organization.

The case broadens the scope of S.28, giving authority to a wide class of persons to initiate action being a legislation to prevent social evil. Duties of AA

## M/s Malpani Infertility Clinic Vs Appropriate Authority AIR 2005 Bom 26

In this writ petition, order passed by AA suspending the registration of petitioners diagnostic center was challenged. Main contention raised was that S.20(3) of the Act provides only for cancellation and not for suspension of the registration of the clinic.

High Court rejected this contention saying that such power has to be read in to the Section, Otherwise the provisions of a welfare enactment will be rendered nugatory.

"Where there is a conflict of pvt interests to carry on a particular activity, which the public authority considers as damaging to social interest, the power under the statute has to be read as an enabling power" <a href="Duties of AA">Duties of AA</a>

# Suo Moto Vs Sate of Gujarat 2009 Cri. L.J. 721 (F.B.)

In this case, full bench of Gujarat High Court was deciding the reference made by single judge, whether deficiency or inaccuracy in filing Form F as required under statutory provision is merely a procedural lapse.

#### The full bench:

- Gives progressive interpretation to S.4(3) of the Act holding that by virtue of deeming provision of the proviso to said section, contravention of the provisions of S.5 or 6 is legally to be presumed. Hence, there need not be allegation in the complaint about the inaccuracy or deficiency in maintaining record as resulting in contravention of S. 5 or 6 of the Act.
- Burden to prove the contravention of this provision does not lie on the prosecution.
- Deficiency or inaccuracy in filling Form –F under Rule 9 is not merely a procedural lapse but an independent offence. <u>Duties of AA</u>

# Dr. Vandana Ramchandra Patil Vs State of Maharashtra Bombay High Court 23<sup>rd</sup> January 2013.

In this case the petitioner held that the sonography Machine seized by AA should be released on Indemnity Bond during pendency of inquiry and trial As it is a muddemal property which will get damaged, if unused and hence there is no point in keeping the same till conclusion of trial.

#### The High Court held:

- Offence under PCPNDT Act is committed essentially with the use of Sonography Machine. The crime is essentially repetitive in nature. The prevention of crime is best achieved by sealing the Machine. If the seal is opened, the accused is facilitated to repeat the crime. Once a case is made out against the Accused, repetition of such crime has to be prevented. The accused, therefore, cannot use machine until trial is over.
- Order of release of machine passed mechanically like any other property lacks sensitivity. The Court must consider the impact and effect of each Order. A machine sealed cannot be directed to be re-opened or released. It should remain sealed till the conclusion of trial.